

# THE WRANGELL SENTINEL

VOL. XVII. NO. 14

WRANGELL, ALASKA, THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1918

PRICE TEN CENTS

## QUESTIONNAIRES ARE ISSUED TO REGISTRANTS

Local Board No. 8 began mailing questionnaires last Thursday. On each succeeding work day a certain number of questionnaires were mailed until all registrants had received questionnaires.

Each registrant receiving a questionnaire is required by law to execute and return same to the board within seven days from the date on which questionnaire is mailed.

Failure to do so constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by not to exceed one year's imprisonment; and such failure may also deprive the registrant of valuable rights and result to his immediate induction into military service and trial by court martial.

The board has posted in conspicuous places notices that questionnaires have been mailed. The posted notices also indicate the date on which certain order numbers were mailed. It is the duty of every registrant concerning whom any notice is posted, but who for some reason has not received the questionnaire or notice, as the case may be, to apply to the local board for a copy thereof. Failure to receive notice or questionnaire will not excuse the registrant from performing any duty within the time limit, nor shall it be in itself ground for extension of time.

List of registrants to whom questionnaires were mailed on March 27:

LeRoy James Murphy  
Leo Vincent McCormack  
Elmer Brody Mitchell  
Carl Isaac Arola  
Martinus Dahl  
Denver Amos Mossy  
Collis Everett Greene  
Felix Earl Montplaisir  
Louis Carlton Scribner  
John Tommila  
Andrew Berger Johnson  
Joseph Arthur Rinehart  
John Benjamin Boyce  
Per August Erlanson  
Ernest Montague Campbell  
William Andrew Fisher  
Ted Robert Dailey  
Ludwig Torkjelson Tradal  
Eina Jussila  
George Elton Barnes  
Ralph McKinnon  
John Herbert McClell Brown  
Frank Scott Barnes  
Kusti Jaki

Time extended on Nos. 5, 8, 13, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23.

List of registrants to whom questionnaires were mailed on Friday, March 22:

Arthur Oliver Moa  
Brigham Young Grant  
Oliver Nichols  
Charles Ernest Deining  
Charles Bryan Moore  
Nicholas Nussbaumer  
Hilmar Bernjansson  
Bernhardt Albert Dubke  
Sven Pearson  
Jesus Martinez  
Elliot Watkins Wheatley  
Olaf Lawrence Horgheim

Time extended to April 8, 1918, on Nos. 28, 30, 36.

List of registrants to whom questionnaires were mailed on Saturday, March 23:

Martin Bernhoff Dahl  
William Clary  
Raymond Richey  
Herman Koerber  
Olaf Peder Angel Jensen  
Passe Salmen  
Irl Morgen Green  
Martin Johnson  
Hugo Herman Schmoelk  
George Wako Arola  
Iwao Nagasumi  
Leo Lester Ludikens

Time extended to April 4 on No. 44; time extended to April 10 on Nos. 37, 39, 40, 41.

List of registrants to whom questionnaires were mailed on Monday, March 25:

Knut Lundquist  
Armas Makela  
Mose Trevor Morris  
Harry Raymond Coulter  
Fran Manning Hungerford  
Laurin Edward D'Arcy

Charles Jay Mills  
Alvin Arness  
Sverre Knudsen  
Dick Olsen Apalseth  
Henning Nystrom  
Edward Joseph LaBounty

Time extended to April 11, 1918, on Nos. 49, 54, 56, 58, 59; time extended to April 15 on Nos. 53, 55.

List of registrants to whom questionnaires were mailed on Tuesday, March 26:

Adolph Conrad Oas  
Mathew J. McCabe  
Frank Lewis Farrer  
Charles William Head  
Otto Klose  
George Bryon McMillan  
David Daniel Dailey  
Roy Thorlef Saxe  
Frank Hudry  
Theodore Harold Davis  
Edward Earl Kaikins  
George Ernest Smith

Time extended to April 4 on Nos. 63, 68, 69, 70; time extended to April 10 on No. 64; time extended to April 15 on Nos. 62 and 63.

List of registrants to whom questionnaires were mailed on Wednesday, March 27:

Harold Charles Duggan  
John Robert Bender  
John James Arola  
Donald Russel Crawford  
James Francis Lovett  
Simon Rosholm  
Iver Peterson Nore  
Keyvon Cleveland Talmage  
Chris Birkland  
William Henry Bitters  
James Patrick O'Donnell  
Kady Hofstad

Time extended to April 10 on Nos. 78, 81, 83, 84; time extended to April 15 on No. 76; time extended to April 20 on No. 73.

List of registrants to whom questionnaires were mailed on Thursday, March 28:

Rolla Shangle  
Sivert Samuelson Viken  
John Klabeoe  
Stephen Douglas Grant  
Alfred Severin Berg  
Ernest Pillsbury Walker  
Matti Pellinen  
Steve Arthur Shepard  
Andrew Moran  
Rawleigh Tennyson Sweirigen  
Alvia Ralph Hall  
Leonard Manson Campbell

Time extended to April 15 on No. 87.

### Presbyterian Church.

Easter service with the Sunday school at 7:30 p. m.  
Songs and recitations by the children.

Subject—Resurrections. Text John 5:25-28-29. All are invited.

### Caucus Held

At the caucus held at the town hall Tuesday evening the following citizens were nominated:

For Mayor—

F. Matheson

For Councilmen—

(Three to be elected.)

Ed Lindman

E. F. Carlstrom

Fred Leonard

Arnt Sorset

F. E. Gingrass

M. McKinney

For School Director—

Dr. J. L. Bulkley, Jr.

### St. Philip's Church

March 31, 1918

Special Good Friday Service

7:30 p. m.

8:30 a. m. Easter morning.

Holy Communion.

10:30 a. m. Holy Communion

with sermon.

12:30 p. m. Sunday school with

presentation of Easter mite boxes.

7:30 p. m. Easter service with

theme "Easter Victory."

This will be followed later with

other Easter topics as the "Eas-

ter Doubts," "The Easter For-

givenness," and "The Easter Com-

mission."

The Sunday School has taken

out two War Savings cards, and

the Native guild connected with

the church has taken twelve. It

is expected that more of similar

investments will be made during

the summer.

Easter should be a glad day

this year for it is the Easter vic-

tory that makes us very even

unto death seasonable. So come

and help celebrate Easter time.

Eat at least one meatless meal a

day.

## PIONEERS OF ALASKA MAKE PROTEST

### Against Enemy Aliens Being Permitted to Fish in Alaskan Waters

The Pioneers of Alaska at Ketchikan are circulating a petition protesting against the proposed importation of Austrian alien enemy fishermen to Alaskan waters.

The petition which is being pretty generally signed, will be presented at the Canadian-American fisheries conference which is to be held in Ketchikan in the near future. Secretary Redfield will be in attendance at the meeting. We were unable to find anything in the Ketchikan Miner referring to the circulation of this petition.

### Salvation Army

Special Services.  
"Good Friday" 7:30 p. m.  
Easter Sunday, 7 a. m.—Sun-  
day school 3:30 p. m.—Evening  
service 7:30 p. m.

Appropriate music and address-  
es will be special features of  
these services.

A special invitation is given to  
all Christians to join in the early  
morning Service on Easter at 7  
o'clock.

The cornet will be played thirty  
minutes previous to and at the  
hour of meeting.

Councilman and Mrs. George  
H. Barnes received a cable from  
Pasadena, California, of the pass-  
ing away of Mrs. Sophia E.  
Woodard of heart failure on  
March 25, 1918. Mrs. Woodard  
is a sister of Councilman Barnes  
and Mrs. O. A. Brown. She was  
the largest stockholder in the  
Sanitary Packing Co. and is fa-  
vorably remembered by many of  
the residents of Wrangell as  
having spent several seasons  
here visiting with her brother  
and sister. Mr. and Mrs. Barnes  
will go south on the City of Se-  
attle to attend the funeral which  
will take place at Bellingham  
early next week. Mrs. Woodard  
is survived by three sons, Alfred  
E. Woodard of Pasadena, Donald  
E. Woodard of the Royal Flying  
Corps of Toronto and Wendell  
Woodard, in charge of the radio  
office on the S. S. Alameda.

William Maloney, candidate for  
the Democratic nomination for  
Delegate to Congress arrived in  
Wrangell on the City of Seattle.  
He expected to speak here last  
night, but upon being informed  
that the Jefferson would arrive  
before night he gave up his plan  
to speak as he could not spare  
the time he would have had to  
wait here for the next boat. How-  
ever, being especially anxious  
that the people of Wrangell  
should have some expression  
from him regarding his candi-  
dacy, he submitted for publica-  
tion in the Sentinel a statement  
which we print in another  
column.

Mrs. J. G. Grant returned on  
the City of Seattle Tuesday from  
a visit of several weeks on the  
Sound. At Tacoma, Mrs. Grant  
visited her daughter who is at-  
tending the Anna Wright Sem-  
inary.

Mrs. Cornelia T. Hatcher, pres-  
ident of the W. C. T. U. of Alaska,  
is now at Ketchikan. Mrs. Hatcher  
advises that she will be in  
Wrangell in a few days.

George H. Barnes this week  
received a cable message an-  
nouncing that his sister, Mrs.  
Woodard, dropped dead in Pas-  
adena Monday evening from heart  
failure. Mr. Barnes recently  
visited his sister in Pasadena and  
at the time he left she was ap-  
parently in perfect health.

The Sanitary Packing Com-  
pany is having a dispatch boat  
built in Seattle. It is a Hand  
model, 32 feet over all with a V  
bottom.

## STATEMENT

Of William Maloney, Candidate  
for Democratic Nomination  
for Delegate to Congress at  
the Primary Election April  
30, 1918.

Prior to filing of my declaration  
of candidacy for the nomination,  
myself and other friends of Governor  
Strong had for months previously  
been insistently urging him to  
make the Delegate race and had at  
times entertained the hope that he  
would yield to our entreaties. As  
it was determined upon a contrary  
course, and the rest of us were  
equally determined to go before  
the people of the territory on the  
question, I was finally selected as  
the most available man to make  
the race. Therefore my declara-  
tion was filed, and my gratification  
in having thrown down the gage  
to the Donohoe machine is daily  
increasing.

I will admit that I supported  
Mr. Sulzer in the last campaign,  
believing, like a great many more  
loyal Democrats, that he would  
make a good representative, and  
would work for the best interests  
of all the people of Alaska. But, we  
were sadly mistaken.

In the first place Mr. Sulzer  
has spent most of his time while in  
Washington trying to get Governor  
Strong and Surveyor General David-  
son fired out of office. Why? Be-  
cause they steadfastly followed  
the course of their duty as mem-  
bers of the Territorial Canvassing  
Board in compiling the returns of  
the last General Election at which  
Mr. Sulzer was a candidate for  
delegate from Alaska and refused  
to violate their oath of office by  
placing the interests of their party  
above the interests of the public  
by usurping the functions of the  
House of Representatives, trying  
the merits of the question as to  
which of the candidates was en-  
titled to the certificate of election,  
and, thereupon, to issue the cer-  
tificate to Mr. Sulzer.

Now, Mr. Voter, what kind of  
a public official do you prefer, one  
who so perverts his official acts  
to serve the ends of his party, or  
one who respects his oath of office,  
and defying partisan criticism, faith-  
fully and honestly performs his of-  
ficial duties in compliance with his  
obligation to the public?

It is but party perfidy to place  
official duty above party expedi-  
ency, to be honest and faithful to  
the public trust, then it is greatly  
to be regretted that there are not in  
Alaska more public officials who  
are guilty of this crime against their  
party. For upon the principles of  
honesty, integrity and efficiency  
alone rests the only guaranty of  
good government; and the subver-  
sion of these principles, by those  
entrusted with power and charged  
with the duty to determine the re-  
sult of all elections held in the  
Territory, would abolish the sanc-  
tity of the ballots and destroy, ut-  
terly the principles of self govern-  
ment.

Briefly let us review what  
Mr. Sulzer has done, and  
for whose interests he has been  
working, in the few measures he  
has introduced, through, and by  
the aid and assistance of John  
Troy, George Grigsby, Tom Don-  
ohoe and a few others who have  
been spending their time in Wash-  
ington fighting Governor Strong and  
Surveyor General Davidson, and  
trying to manufacture campaign  
thunder for the coming election.

We find by the Congressional  
Record that Mr. Sulzer took  
the oath of office April 3, 1917, and  
that he was granted leave of ab-  
sence on account of illness in his  
family Sept. 6, 1917. The Juneau  
Empire stated that his brother was  
sick in New York, but Mr. Sulzer  
never returned to Washington dur-  
ing that session of congress, but  
came to California and later north  
to Alaska, and let Alaska legisla-  
tion take care of itself.

I find that on September 10 he  
gave absent treatment to a petition  
from 117 residents of Estre creek  
Alaska, complaining against the  
high cost of food. On September  
17 Mr. Dill asked for unanimous  
consent to insert in the Record  
some remarks by Hon. Charles A.  
Sulzer, who was called away by the  
death of his brother. So Mr. Sul-  
zer was extending his remarks in the  
Record by proxy. The Daily Em-  
pire, Sulzer's mouthpiece, has on  
various occasions referred to Wick-  
ersham's silent speeches when he

had his remarks extended in the  
Record, but he at least asked the  
favor personally.

On September 28 the Shipping  
bill admitting foreign shipping to  
coastwise trade came up for pas-  
sage. It had been before the com-  
mittee for hearing September 6, 11,  
12, 18 and 19. This was purely a  
war measure. The bill gives the  
United States Shipping Board  
power to suspend our navigation  
laws relating to the coastwise trade  
during the present war with Ger-  
many and for a period of 120 days  
thereafter, except the coastwise  
trade with Alaska. At the hear-  
ings on the bill Mr. J. H. Bunch,  
general passenger and freight  
agent for the Alaska Steamship  
Company, appeared and asked  
that Alaska be excepted, which  
was done.

There is not a word in the Con-  
gressional Record in hearing now  
Mr. Sulzer stood upon this bill,  
or, indeed, showing that he knew  
that so important a matter for  
Alaska was even pending. His  
position, however, was fully stated  
and clear up to November 13, 1917,  
when he last addressed the people  
of Juneau. On that occasion he  
was introduced by Mr. John A.  
Helleth, the well known corpora-  
tion attorney of Juneau. In  
course of his introductory remarks  
Mr. Helleth said: "Mr. Sulzer  
has been criticised for agreeing to  
permit an exception to appear in  
the bill passed by the recent Con-  
gress permitting foreign ships to  
engage in coastwise trade. When  
this matter was up before the com-  
mittee it was suggested that an ex-  
ception should be introduced in the  
bill providing that foreign ships  
could not ply between American  
ports in Alaska. Mr. Sulzer  
agreed to it before he left Washing-  
ton and the bill passed exactly as  
agreed. There was nothing more  
to do."

Mr. W. C. Houston of Tennessee,  
who has always been a true and  
tried friend of Alaska, made a  
strong protest against the excep-  
tion of Alaska, but without avail.

Mr. Alexander, at that time,  
stated that nobody appeared be-  
fore the committee representing  
Alaskan interests insisting that  
Alaska should be excluded from the  
provisions of the bill. The  
Delegate from Alaska and the  
contestant for his seat, Judge  
Wickersham, are both in Wash-  
ington, and I assume that it there  
was no demand that this legisla-  
tion should extend to Alaska, one  
of both of these gentlemen would  
have appeared before the commit-  
tee and made some statement to  
that effect. Mr. Miller of Wash-  
ington stated that Mr. Sulzer was  
absent on the Pacific Coast, where-  
upon Mr. Alexander stated that he  
had seen him recently and thought  
that he was still in the city.

During all of the first Congress  
at which he attended, the 65th,  
Mr. Sulzer introduced two bills,  
one for a public building at Fair-  
banks, and the Game Law Bill,  
which has aroused the anger of  
Theodore Roosevelt and Dr. Horn-  
aday.

On Mr. Sulzer's return to Con-  
gress last December, he took with  
him, or was followed shortly after-  
ward, by Mr. John Troy to help  
frame things for the territory. A  
little later George B. Grigsby, At-  
torney General, also went to Wash-  
ington. Then we heard of the Troy-  
Sulzer Full Territorial Form of  
Government Bill, which contained  
a clause in the 12th section of the  
Act giving the Territorial legisla-  
ture power to re-open the prohibi-  
tion question, which I thought was  
already settled. And any attempt  
to re-open it is only a bid for cam-  
paign funds from the liquor inter-  
ests.

Then on January 22, 1918, Mr.  
Sulzer introduced a Bill for the  
regulation and protection of the  
fisheries of Alaska (H. R. 9092)  
which is even more vicious than  
the Alexander bill over which so  
many protests were sent to  
Washington. For Section 5 states  
that the Commissioner of Fisher-  
ies for Alaska is authorized and  
directed to lease fish traps or  
pound nets locations to citizens  
of the United States upon the  
tidelands and in the sea waters  
of Alaska (except those surround-  
ing the Pribiloff Islands) for  
periods of five years with the  
privilege of renewal for a period  
of five years, and thereafter for  
successive periods of five years,  
provided that Congress or the  
Legislature of Alaska shall not  
alter this act before renewal.

The manner of location is simi-  
lar to locating a mining claim.  
Any citizen of the United States

desiring to lease any location  
where it may be lawful to con-  
struct a fish trap or pound net in  
waters of Alaska shall post con-  
spicuously above high water,  
where it may be readily observed  
by a person contemplating a fish-  
ing location, a location  
notice giving the date of location,  
the name or names of locator or  
locators, a description of the pro-  
posed trap, with its approximate  
dimensions and directions, accu-  
rately described, the location set-  
ting forth its nearest prominent  
natural object or permanent mon-  
uments so that the location may  
be readily identified, together  
with a statement that the locator  
or locators desire to obtain a  
lease for the operation of a fish  
trap or pound net or set net at  
that location, and all such loca-  
tion notices shall contain the  
names of two witnesses. The  
locator or locators shall within  
thirty days after posting notice  
of location file two notices, iden-  
tical with the one posted upon  
the ground, with the United  
States recorder of the precinct  
wherein the location is made,  
who shall forward one of such  
notices with his certificate of  
record thereon, to the Commis-  
sioner of Fisheries for Alaska at  
his office at Juneau. The Com-  
missioner of Fisheries for Alas-  
ka shall issue lease to the bona  
fide locators under the terms of  
this Act, but nothing in this sec-  
tion shall be construed to give  
any lease any vested right be-  
yond a period of ten years.

It can be readily seen that the  
passage of this Act would have  
the effect of closing the waters  
of Alaska to the independent  
fisherman, for, and by the reason,  
of the right to indiscriminately  
locate and hold any or all of the  
waters of Alaska, by merely lo-  
cating and recording a location  
notice. For the bill further states,  
that after the making of any  
lease as in this act provided the  
claimant of the fishing location  
shown in such lease, his heirs,  
administrators, executors, success-  
ors, or assigns, shall have exclu-  
sive right to hold, occupy and  
fish in such location and to mort-  
gage, sell, lease or transfer the  
same during the time that he or  
they in other respects shall com-  
ply with the law pertaining  
thereto.

If this Act passes, any corpora-  
tion, if they so desire, can locate  
any or all of the waters of Alaska  
to the exclusion of competition,  
as the Act does not even limit  
the number of locations that any  
one person or corporation may  
make.

Our Primary law has already  
had the effect of ending the  
career of the old Shackelford-  
Hogart machine, with the result  
that the republican nomination  
has gone by default to Judge  
Wickersham. The remnants  
of that organization are now  
working hand in glove with the  
Donohoe machine. They repre-  
sent nobody but themselves and  
a few predatory corporations,  
and they buy this corporate sup-  
port through the administration  
of the affairs of the Territory in  
the interest of their masters. If  
they displayed more skill in the  
accomplishment of their nefarious  
designs, and had not raised such  
an unsufferable stench in the  
nostrils of the decent people of  
Alaska, there would have been  
less occasion for opposing them  
and little hope for my success in  
this contest. As it is, their re-  
cord is so plain, that, "He who  
runs may" and the voters of the  
Territory who expect neither  
political or corporate favors I  
hope will rally to my support. I  
await their verdict with every  
confidence.

Delegate Charles A. Sulzer has  
had the government send a quan-  
tity of seeds to the principal  
of the Wrangell public schools  
for distribution. Miss Carhart  
requests the Sentinel to announce  
that any one desiring any of  
these seeds may obtain same by  
application to her direct or  
through the school children.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Sid  
Hooper, a baby girl, on Wednes-  
day, March 20, in Ketchikan.  
George R. Sylvester returned  
on the City of Seattle Tuesday.  
During his absence Mr. Sylvester  
made a tour of the States going  
as far east as Maine.

For Sale—Pool table in first  
class condition. Apply to Charles  
Borch.

Commencing April 1st. Photo-  
show will start at 8 o'clock.  
Doors open at 7:30.



# THE WRANGELL SENTINEL

J. W. PRITCHETT, Publisher

\$3.00 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE  
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Entered as second-class matter at the  
Wrangell, Alaska, post office, under  
Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.



THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1918

## Registration Notice

The registration book of the  
Town of Wrangell, Alaska, has  
been delivered to L. C. Patenaude,  
who has been appointed Registrar  
for the said town and this book  
will be open at his office for the  
registration of voters on Friday,  
March 15th, 1918, and will remain  
open until Monday, April 1st, of  
same year, (Sundays excepted),  
during the hours of 9 o'clock a. m.  
and 4 o'clock p. m. daily.

F. MATHESON,  
Mayor.

## Notice of Election

Notice is hereby given that the  
annual election for the Town of  
Wrangell, Alaska, will be held in  
the town hall, Tuesday, April 2,  
1918. This election will be held  
for the purpose of electing three  
councilmen to serve for the period  
of two years, also a mayor for the  
term of one year, and one member  
of the Wrangell School Board for a  
term of three years. Polls will be  
open at 10 o'clock a. m. and close  
at 7 p. m.

By order of the Mayor,  
J. E. WARDEN,  
Town Clerk.

## FOR SALE—BARGAIN

Two-cylinder, two cycle 12 h. p.  
Lackawana engine, with bronze  
shafting, reverse gear, propeller.  
Price \$250.

One 24 ft. "V" bottom trunk  
cabin boat, 6 foot beam amidship,  
draft 30 inches. Price \$40.  
Will accept \$275 for complete  
outfit including tank, anchor, light  
and batteries.

Fine outfit for trolling.  
Write or cable.

W. H. IRVINE,  
Douglas, Alaska.

## Notice to Moose

Dues in the Moose lodge may  
be paid at the Sentinel office any  
day of the week.

## M. F. HOFSTAD

• Staple and Fancy Groceries  
Fisherman's Supplies  
Prompt Service Lowest Price

## DR. D. A. GRIFFIN DENTIST

Office over the post office.  
Pyorrhea and Prophylactic  
work a specialty.

## Marine Engine Agency

For Work Engines

DOMAN  
N. & S.  
SCRIPS  
VULCAN

See me for prices before you  
buy your new engine.

SAM'L CUNNINGHAM  
Wrangell, Alaska

## Wrangell Wood Yard

I. C. BJORGE, Proprietor

Orders for Wood in any size  
and quantity Promptly Filled

Reasonable Prices  
Satisfaction Assured

## CABLE NEWS

### SATURDAY

LONDON.—Powerful enemy attacks delivered today with great  
weight. Infantry and artillery have broken through the British de-  
fensive systems west of St. Quentin. British troops on battle grounds  
north are holding their positions.

LONDON.—On the southern reach of the Western front held by  
the British the Germans had a thousand big guns placed in one small  
sector spaced one for every twelve yards during battle. British air-  
craft flying low continually pelted the Germans with machine guns do-  
ing great execution. Many battles were fought in the air.

BERLIN.—Official statement of operations on Western front  
yesterday and last night says that the Germans captured twenty-five  
thousand British prisoners, four hundred large guns and three hundred  
machine guns.

PARIS.—The Germans are only sixty-two miles away and are  
bombarding Paris with two hundred and forty millimeter guns. Shells  
are falling within the city every fifteen minutes. Several killed and  
many wounded.

LONDON.—Unless the British are able to restore the situation  
by counter attacks withdrawals on a wide front may be necessary with  
open field warfare. The point at which the British line has been broken  
is near the southern end. The Germans have been attacking the front  
which extends from Arras to La Fere fifteen miles below St. Quentin.  
The German offensive has developed with almost unparalleled rapidity.  
One reason for this, according to Haig's report, is that the Germans  
were constantly bringing up fresh bodies of troops.

PARIS.—Three German infantry attacks near Hurtle were broken  
up by the allied forces.

A PACIFIC PORT.—A German raider operating in the Pacific  
ocean has been captured by a United States cruiser and is now being  
towed to this port according to report received here today.

WASHINGTON.—The report, if true, that the Bulgarians are  
fighting on the Western front will probably result in a declaration of  
war against Bulgaria.

BERLIN.—Between Fontaine and Les Croiselles and Moeuvres  
the German forces penetrated into the second enemy positions and cap-  
tured two villages, Vanux Vrancourt and Morchies. The former village  
is three and the latter two miles behind the former British front.

BERLIN.—South of Somme the Germans broke through the hos-  
tile lines and in an uninterrupted forward movement drove the enemy  
over Crozat canal toward the west.

AMSTERDAM.—A dispatch from the Hague to the Handelsblad  
says that one of the prominent members of parliament intends to ask  
the government whether it is not time to recall the Dutch minister at  
Washington and hand passports to the American minister at the  
Hague.

PARIS.—Germans began firing on Paris at 8 o'clock this morn-  
ing. The shortest distance from Paris to the front at the beginning  
of the German offensive was more than one hundred kilometers. While  
Paris was being bombarded this afternoon it was announced that  
counter attacks on the enemy's cannon are under execution. The mili-  
tary gave assurance that the big gun of the enemy will be silenced  
within twenty-four hours.

### SUNDAY

LONDON.—The American, French, English regiments which were  
brought up from the Southwest for a counter attack were thrown back  
on Chaulney.

LONDON.—Today's German official statement says that Ham  
and Peronne have fallen.

LONDON.—Today's German official statement says that since  
the beginning of the offensive the Germans have captured thirty thou-  
sand prisoners and six hundred guns.

PARIS.—The German monster cannon which has been bombard-  
ing Paris has been located in the Forest of St. Germain, seventy-six  
miles from Paris city hall. The bombardment stopped this afternoon.

PARIS.—Official statement says that the French front is intact.  
LONDON.—British troops are holding the line from Somme to  
Peronne.

### MONDAY

PARIS.—Long range bombardment on Paris was resumed at 6:30  
this morning, but was interrupted after the second shot. Later two  
more shots were fired and bombardment again suspended.

BERLIN.—War office announces: Germans have bombarded  
Paris with long distance guns. Gigantic struggle is taking place for  
Bapaume. A battle is in progress on Transloy Combles Maupas  
line. The Somme has been crossed at many points in our attack be-  
tween Peronne and Ham.

LONDON.—Haig reported today that the first hostile attacks  
this morning north and south of Bapaume. Haig says battle continues  
with great violence north of Bapaume. Yesterday afternoon powerful  
attacks were repulsed with heavy enemy losses. At only one point did  
Germans reach British trenches. They were immediately thrown out.  
Elsewhere the enemy's attacks were stopped by rifles and machine gun  
fire by the British and were driven back with great loss.

LONDON.—Official statement says: "North of Peronne the  
enemy attacks were delivered with greatest violence against line on the  
river Tortille, a tributary of the Somme. Our troops on this portion  
of the battle front have been withdrawn and are fighting on  
new positions. Our troops are holding the line on the Somme river to  
Peronne." Describing the great struggle the France Havas corres-  
pondent says: "The British retired in good order, clinging to their  
ground foot by foot to strong positions prepared months ago. Ninety-  
seven German divisions were engaged thus concentrating against the  
British front one half of the forces at their disposal on the whole  
Western front."

WASHINGTON.—Haig is holding the great German drive of 97  
divisions with only 27 divisions.

LONDON.—"The empire stands calm and confident in its sol-  
diers," was the message the king wired to Haig today.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY.—So far the British have used  
few troops other than those which were holding the front line. These  
shock troops have been making as gallant a defense as was ever recorded  
in annals of the British army, and as a result they have enabled  
the main body of forces to fall back deliberately, and without confusion  
occupy positions which had been prepared long before the German  
offensive began.

PARIS.—The French on Saturday went to the assistance of the  
British and took over a sector of the battle front.

PARIS.—In the region of Novon and on the right bank of Oise  
heavy fighting with the Germans is in progress.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE.—There was a fur-  
ther advance by the Germans at some points late Sunday afternoon.

BERLIN.—The war office says that between Somme and Oise our  
corps are fighting their way forward. Chauny has been taken. Our  
booby in war material is enormous. The English in their retirement  
are burning French towns and villages behind them.

PARIS.—French official statement says: German offensive is  
continuing between Croiselles and Tergnier with violent fighting in  
which the Germans are said to have used 27 divisions. The English  
resistance is very efficient in everything and German losses are very  
heavy. The fighting line is brought back to about six or seven  
kilometers behind the third line. Confidence remains complete.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE.—No American  
regiments have participated with the British in meeting the German  
drive. American soldiers on Tout front were indignant when a German  
official statement regarding the defeat of the Franco-American reserve  
was picked up by an American wireless operator.

WASHINGTON.—The President today cabled to Haig congratu-  
lating him on the British stand against the German offensive and pre-  
dicting a final Allied victory.

LONDON.—German forces crossed the Somme river south of  
Peronne between the city and Licourt, but were driven back to the  
east bank by counter attacks.

## Dry Goods, Shoes and Clothing

A Capital Stock of

## Groceries and Sundries

Always on Hand

## Fisherman's Supplies

## And a Large Stock of Ship Chandlery And Pipe Fittings

A Tinsmith at Work. Let us figure on your Tanks for Gasoline or Water  
PLUMBING DONE

## St. Michaels Trading Co.

P. C. McCORMACK, Proprietor

## You Will Never Lag Behind

if you wear these splendid "Hi-  
Press" Rubber Boots or Shoes.

Not made like ordinary Boots, mind you,  
but molded into ONE SOLID PIECE!  
Won't leak, peel or come apart and will  
positively outwear any other footwear you  
ever put on your feet.

Unusually comfortable, too  
—made to fit your working  
foot. Ideal for long hikes  
and hard work.

Sold by 40,000 dealers

THE B.F. GOODRICH RUBBER COMPANY

Makers of the Celebrated Goodrich Automobile  
Tires—"Best in the Long Run."  
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with the Red Line Round the Top  
The GOODRICH BOOT that  
Outwears Steel

## M & M

DENTISTS

Specialists in Modern Dentistry  
All work Guaranteed  
X-Ray when indicated  
Over Bank for Savings  
1604 Fourth Ave.  
Seattle, Wash.  
Write for appointment.

Wrangell Lodge No. 866

## Loyal Order of Moose

Meets every Friday at 8:00 p.m.  
in Redmen's Hall.  
Visiting Paps welcome.  
W. J. PUGH, Dictator.  
J. W. PRITCHETT, Secretary.

Stikine Tribe No. 5

## Impd. Order of Redmen

Meets every Tuesday evening in  
the Redmen's hall at 7:30 o'clock.  
Visiting brothers cordially in-  
vited.

W. H. WARREN, Sachem.  
L. M. CHURCHILL, C. of R.

## Arctic Brotherhood

Camp Wrangell, No. 28

Meets every Wednesday at 7:30  
P.M. sharp, at Red Men's Lodge  
Rooms.  
Visiting Brothers Cordially Invited  
Thomas Dalgity, Arctic Chief.  
L. M. Churchill, Secretary.

## WRANGELL DAIRY

GLENN DUMART, Proprietor

Fresh Milk Delivered Morning and Evening

A GOOD wife, a good  
pipe, an' a good con-  
science—of that's  
anything nearer  
Heaven it ain't in  
my geography.



VELVET, the Smoothest Smoking Tobacco,  
makes any pipe good.

## A. LEMIEUX

Billard Hall

Furnished Rooms to rent

## CLEANING PRESSING

New pressing machine, the best in  
the city.  
WRANGELL STEAM LAUNDRY



## STEAMSHIP LINES

### Canadian Pacific Railway

(STEAMSHIP LINES)

#### s. s. PRINCESS SOPHIA

SAILS SOUTHBOUND A. M.

April 1.

FOR  
PRINCE RUPERT, VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, SEATTLE, ETC.  
ALSO

TICKETS ISSUED TO ALL CALIFORNIA POINTS  
VIA ANY DESIRED ROUTE

WHATEVER YOUR DESTINATION

ALWAYS BUY TICKETS AND CHECK BAGGAGE THROUGH  
SAVING MONEY AND TROUBLE

ALL INFORMATION FROM

F. MATHESON, AGT. WRANGELL

### GRAND TRUNK

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.

#### S. S. PRINCE JOHN

SOUTHBOUND

Connecting at Prince Rupert with the Prince George for  
Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle and points south  
Also connects with the Grand Trunk Pacific Ry. for all Eastern points.  
LEO McCORMACK, Agent.



### ALASKA

STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Safety  
Speed  
Service

southeastern and southwestern  
Alaska Routes.

#### S. S. JEFFERSON

Sailings from Seattle  
Every Twelve Days

SERVICE  
EXCELLENT

### PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

ST. MICHAELS TRADING CO. Agents. WRANGELL, ALASKA

NORTH March 26 SPOKANE SOUTH March 30  
26 CITY OF SEATTLE 30

Leave Wrangell for Petersburg, Juneau, Douglas, Raines and Skagway  
Leave Wrangell for Ketchikan, Prince Rupert, Seattle, Tacoma and all Puget Sound Points  
CALIFORNIA ROUTE—Leave Seattle Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays for  
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and San Diego.  
San Francisco to Los Angeles daily except Sunday.  
San Francisco to San Diego Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

### Wrangell Machine Shop

F. E. GINGRASS, Proprietor

Up-to-date Machines. New and Complete Stock of Fittings

Best Workmanship

Agent for Frisco Standard Gas Engines.

Wrangell, Alaska

### Wrangell Electric Light & Power Co.

Will supply you with

#### LIGHTS

ELECTRIC FIXTURES, LAMPS, SHADES, WIRE, SWITCHES,  
LAMP ADJUSTERS and BATTERIES

Why not try some of our NEW LAMPS in your home

GIVE US A TRIAL

O. C. Palmer, Owner & Manager

### Thlinget Trading Co.



The Alpine people believe in putting into their cans that which others put in advertising.

Alpine Milk will at all times run between 8.3 per cent and 8.8 per cent butter fat, and 27 per cent, to 28.1-2 per cent total solids, and every can bears a thousand dollars guarantee of purity.

### Advertising Pays

## CABLE NEWS

MONDAY—Continued from Page 2

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE—During much of the recent fighting the Germans used a division for every two thousand yards of front, there being approximately one German division against every British battalion. Heaviest fighting continues today around Bapaume near Peronne and where British and French fronts join.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE—So far every British counter attack has succeeded.

LONDON—Baker conferred with Lloyd George for an hour today. AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE—On Toul front there was considerable artillery activity during the night. American guns heavily shelled German front line positions.

SEATTLE—The steam schooner Port Angeles and the big barge Rufus E. Wood will take cargoes of canal equipment at Panama for the Government railroad in Alaska, the schooner towing the barge.

BERLIN—Official communication issued Sunday night says that Paris has been bombarded by German long distance guns.

WASHINGTON—German occupation of Petrograd within twenty-four hours was predicted by American Consul Treadwell in a despatch reaching the State Department today.

SEATTLE—The Jefferson sailed Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. Wrangell passengers are: Carl W. Stockel, Fred Johnson, Miss Daisy McCormack. The City of Seattle did not get away until 6 p. m. Saturday. The Spokane is almost a day ahead of the City of Seattle. The Northwestern sailed Saturday afternoon with three hundred passengers mostly cannery crews.

LONDON—The British this morning were counter attacking between Nesle and Ham. The French were also in action north of Bapaume. Germans were attacking in considerable force at dawn but did not get through the British barrage.

### RED CROSS NOTES

In the Bulletin of March 2, the following item was printed:

"The Native women of Wrangell, Alaska, are doing much Red Cross work, not as a separate auxiliary, but as part of the regular Chapter. In January they gave a dance under the name of the Native Sisterhood, an Indian organization, and cleared \$187. for the local Chapter."

The American Red Cross has 4,576 Junior members in the Philippines, of whom all but two or three hundred are natives. This is in spite of the fact that it is difficult to stir up any interest among native children in war relief or any other charitable activities, as they know so little of world conditions beyond their own small village.

These Red Cross Juniors work hard for the soldiers. They make handkerchiefs, splint pads, quilts, heel socks, etc. In addition they have sent \$100 to Washington for a patron membership for their organization. They have also contributed \$80 to feed hungry Belgian children.

The Red Cross wishes to advertise, as widely as possible, the absolute falsity of the report that used postage stamps have any value through the extraction of the dyes contained in them.

It is understood that another Red Cross drive will be made this spring. Let us all be ready to help in every possible way.

Harold Duggan, nephew of J. G. Grant who spent a year in Alaska, leaving here last July, has been attending the University of Colorado since last September. In a letter to the publisher of the Sentinel Mr. Duggan says: "I often think of the good times we had together in Wrangell and hope some day to see the town again. I enjoy reading the Sentinel very much and look forward to its arrival each week." Mr. Duggan's address 1229 University Avenue, Boulder, Colorado.

Miss Lynn Worden recently went from Seattle to Grand Rapids, Mich., on a visit. While there one of the organizations of the city, upon learning that she was from Alaska, prevailed upon her to deliver an address on Alaska. Her address was so well received that a second address was demanded. Miss Worden writes her parents that it is astonishing how much eagerness there is in Michigan for knowledge concerning Alaska. Miss Worden is now preparing her third lecture which will be illustrated with Alaskan views, a number of which were taken by her father. Miss Worden grew up in Wrangell, and is a studious and industrious young woman whose future looks bright.

#### NOTICE

All bills due for professional services rendered by me have been assigned to William Patterson. same are now payable to him at St Michaels Trading Co.

DR. S. C. SHURICK.

Eat at least one wheatless meal a day.

### FIRE SIGNALS

ALARM

Continuous Ringing of Bell

LOCATION

Central District

1 Tap

Electric Light Plant District

2 Taps

Cannery District

3 Taps

Fire Out

3 Taps at Intervals

Meetings and Drills

2 taps, an interval and 1 tap, repeated

It was well for us to recognize and try to escape from our own limitations even while we take an indulgent attitude toward the limitations of others. Those others we can see so readily. Their limitations fairly obtrude. They must be themselves, even as we must be ourselves. The tone of each individuality must go sounding through the years. Is there not a certain pathos here? If we feel it, we must find it easy to make allowances. With those we really care for we, as a rule, have little or no trouble. We may even enjoy the little betrayals of qualities in themselves not attractive. Some such sentiment must be felt by a mother for her children, even for those children that occasion the most anxiety.

If as we grow we can encourage the smiles instead of the frowns much of life's drudgery will vanish. If we can learn to gather the sweets from goodness it will have more attraction for us. It's not the burdens that crush men to earth. It's the way we look at them. It's not toil that is the curse of man, but the fact that it has become a matter of compulsion. We need men who will show us how to rejoice in demands upon strength. We need characters that will show us how to turn toil to advantage that will give us pleasure as well as profit financially.

We believe we have exhausted all arguments against the divorce evil and probably nothing more that we can say would avail anything. Still, with coal at \$14 a ton it may be well enough for many scrappy couples to remember that divorce means twice as much fuel and blankets will be necessary. Save money by remaining hitched.

The gas attack somewhere in France are as naught compared to the mud attacks in the Gothic campaign, where each side, instead of masking itself, as they are doing in France, is intent on unmasking the other. It is something on the order of the campaigns of the dear old times.

That control of exports which this country has begun puts Germany in a worse fix than she has been at any time since she sent the submarine Deutschland over to get a cargo of nickel, crude rubber and bar silver for her starving babies.

The Teutonic strategic retreat is still steadily and firmly drawing the British and French to the border and may even lead them over. At present, the magnificent possibilities announced for it have been indefinitely postponed.

From a cursory examination of the proper war diet it would appear that if you are in a hurry to get a line on the right course merely eat what you hate and cut out what you like and you can't miss it much.

## BANK OF ALASKA

Alaska's Branch Banking System

An Institution of Strength and Character

CAPITAL \$5,000.00 SURPLUS \$20,500.00

FOUR BANKS:

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VICE PRESIDENT W. H. WARREN

IN CHARGE WRANGELL BRANCH

4% Interest Paid on Savings Deposits  
Compounded Semi-Annually

WELLS FARGO EXPRESS TRAVELLER CHECKS FOR SALE

Everything New, Clean, and  
First-Class

Electric Lights and Steam  
Heat Throughout

Well Lighted Sample Rooms for Traveling Men

### WRANGELL HOTEL

JOHN G. GRANT  
PROPRIETOR

First-Class Dining Room in Connection.

Pool, Card  
And Billiard Tables

Courteous  
Treatment Always Assured

A new thing  
for a cigarette to do—

### Chesterfield CIGARETTES

of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC tobaccos—Blended

They Satisfy—and yet they're Mild.

### A Stitch in Time Saves Nine

Painting Tinting, Paper Hanging and General  
House Repairing by Contract or by Hour

ALBERT DUBKE



### TRAPPERS

Get "MORE MONEY"  
Ship Your FURS TO  
"SHUBERT"

the largest house in the world dealing exclusively in  
NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS, reliable—responsible—safe  
Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for more  
than a third of a century. A long successful record of sending  
Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE  
returns. Write for "The Shubert Ledger," the only reliable,  
accurate market report and price list of its kind published.  
Write for it NOW—It's FREE  
A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. Dept. 359 CHICAGO, U.S.A.

### : CHAS. BENJAMIN :

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, ETC.

FISHERMEN'S SUPPLIES

### Regal Gas Engine Agency



# The City Store

DONALD SINCLAIR, Proprietor

## General Merchandise

Trapper's and Fishermen's Supplies  
Complete Stock of Trollers Supplies

### Waterproof Clothing

Including Giled Coats, Pants, Hats and Aprons—all the best brands of Rubber Boots—Ribano, Gold Seal, Ball Brand, Walrus and Bull's Eye.

### For the Motor Boat

Launch Fittings, Batteries, Coils, Spark Plugs, Shipmate Stoves, Gasoline, Naphtha and Oils.

### Agency for Fisherman Engines

Groceries and Provisions  
Clothing and Hardware

The Best Goods at Lowest Prices

Wrangell, Alaska

## RED CROSS NOTES

At a special meeting of the Executive Committee held Tuesday afternoon a petition from for authority to organize a Branch of the Wrangell Chapter was considered and authority to organize the Branch was given. This Branch will be known as the Craig Branch and will include Craig, Waterfall and Heeta.

The regular meeting of the Executive Committee will be held Wednesday evening, April 3, at 8 o'clock.

The women who sew for the Red Cross will meet on Monday of next week instead of Tuesday.

For the shave and haircut of satisfaction go to Ed Grigwire's shop, opposite drug store.

### NOTICE

The Catholic church will be open on Good Friday afternoon and the stations of the cross will be said at 3 p. m.

John A. Hjelgren, a winch man on the Ravalli, had his arm broken Tuesday by falling on board the vessel. He was brought here and placed in the Wrangell hospital. The break was located by X-ray last night and the arm set. Dr. Bulkeley reports the patient doing nicely.

Mrs. Peggy Brown, formerly of Arizona, arrived from Seattle on the City of Seattle Tuesday. Mrs. Brown came north to take a position at the Wrangell hotel.

Ed Grigwire's dandruff treatment is the best on the market. Try it and be convinced.

Commencing April 1st. Photo-show will start at 8 o'clock. Doors open 7:30.

Herry Hull arrived from Bellingham on the Jefferson last evening.

For Sale.—One latest make Lang's bake oven; three stories. Will bake 36 to 48 loaves at a time. Good as new. Inquire at Sentinel office.

Hart Schaffner & Marx  
Men's Clothes  
Holeproof Hose  
Plymouth Rope  
Roofing, Glass  
Building Material

LICENSED CUSTOMS BROKER

F. Matheson

General Merchandise, Furs, Forwarding

Imperial Engines  
Wisconsin Engines  
Clay Engines  
Eastman Kodaks  
Victor Talking  
Machines and Records

## Clearance Sale Men's Wool Shirts at Pre-War Prices

With the recent big advances in the factory cost of woolen goods, making it necessary to add from \$1 to \$4 per garment for woolen shirts. These are great bargains which you should not miss.

## War Savings Certificates And Thrift Stamps For Sale Here

MAJESTIC RANGES, SHIPMATE RANGES, BRIDGE & BEACH STOVES  
HEATERS AND RANGES :: :: VALVOLINE LUBRICATING OILS

## WEDNESDAY

LONDON.—Four trainloads of wounded officers and men from the battlefront in France reached London. The British line from the Scarpe river southwest through Albert to Somme has held fast for 24 hours.

LONDON.—Later dispatches from the front state that the British still hold fortifications on one side of Albert near where the Germans are massing many armies for a drive on Amiens.

WASHINGTON.—The President and the executive officials who are members of the war council went to the White House for a conference this evening. Negotiations for the transfer of 150,000 tons Japanese shipping to the United States has been completed on a basis of two tons of steel plate for one ton deadweight ship's capacity.

WASHINGTON.—Official French despatches received today say that newspapers in Germany are preparing the people for the Franco-British offensive by forecasting the entry of powerful army reserves.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS.—Throughout the night the Germans continued an onslaught southwestward from Harn against defenses in the region of Roye Noyon. Hard fighting occurred about the town of Albert. British were holding the enemy doggedly at a position which is the gateway to Amiens. The British support that indications are that Germans are attempting to split the Allied front and then start the rolling up process either way.

BERLIN.—The enemy holds strong reserves south of the penetrated front with which to attack our troops from flank, the Vorwarts announced today.

PETROGRAD.—The Bolsheviks declare that the German offensive offers Russia a chance to reorganize and declare war against Germany. Minister Trotsky today proclaimed universal military training. The highest grades were ordered to report immediately. Old officers are reporting en masse. Russian military officials and delegates to the Brest Litovsk peace conference declare that the German officers openly discussed the forthcoming western front offensive.

BERLIN.—British are in full retreat on both sides of the Somme river this afternoon. Heavy rear guard actions with the enemy.

LONDON.—The British today delivered a counter attack between Amiens and Somme and recaptured Mortancourt and Chipilly, the Germans having in the meantime taken Albert.

PARIS.—Enfeebled by considerable losses and forced to slacken their efforts the Germans were checked everywhere yesterday evening and last night.

LONDON.—Haig in a report made late last night says that the battle continues on the whole front of the Somme river. The Germans also launched new attacks around Chaubais.

WASHINGTON.—Determined to fight on without counting the cost until freedom is attained and mankind is safe was the message cabled to President Wilson by Haig in answer to the President's message of confidence.

WASHINGTON.—France's confidence that the German offensive is wasting strength against the Allied line is voiced in an official dispatch from Paris.

WASHINGTON.—The announcement from Paris from British authorities that American troops are fighting side by side with French and British defendants brings the battle closer home to America.

WASHINGTON.—The War department has received no word from General Pershing as to the extent of American participation.

PARIS.—Only a few French divisions are engaged today. Sub-Secretary of War Abrami declared today that the bulk of the French army is waiting events while the most powerful British reserves are just arriving on the field.

PARIS.—War office reported today: "We hold the line from Eschell and Staurin to Bevaignes and north of Lassingny and southward to Noyon and left bank of the Oise. Strong enemy patrols attempting to reach our positions northwest of Noyon during the night were repulsed. An intermittent bombardment is continuing along the whole front."

LONDON.—The Director of military operations announced today that information was received at 1 p. m. that the enemy in a night attack drove the British back as far as Mericourt and Sailly south of the Somme. He said they had also captured Morancourt.

PARIS.—Within 48 hours the Allies will be masters of the situation Premier Clemenceau declared today on his return from the front. Clemenceau made a statement to the ministerial council at the same time in which he did not attempt to conceal the seriousness of the situation. He said that Amiens is well defended and that it is improbable that the Germans will break through.

AMSTERDAM.—"A great battle has been fought and a victory has been won, but nobody can foresee what will result from it," said Ludendorff, chief aide to Hindenburg, in an interview with a correspondent, at the front, of the Tageszeitung of Berlin.

AMSTERDAM.—The part reported to have been played by American troops in attempted relief of the British flank near Laferre is referred to briefly by German war correspondents, but no mention is made of Americans among prisoners.

## CABLE NEWS

### MONDAY—Continued from Page 3

LONDON.—Haig reports that the British armies are holding the line of Somme-Alost.

LONDON.—Germans are still attacking Bapaume on both sides. The French are aiding and the battle continues with unexampled intensity.

BERLIN.—The War office today announced the capture of Bapaume. Divisions, freshly brought up, to defend the city failed to bring a decision in favor of the enemy. Statement says that allied forces streamed westward only to meet the German forces again and suffer another defeat. Northeast of Bapaume the German troops broke through and drove the enemy back by Ypres and Sailly.

BERLIN.—Hot fighting is in progress for possession of Cambles. Nesele was stormed by Germans late in the afternoon. Strong positions west of Crozat canal were captured by Germans. Channy has been captured by the Germans.

BERLIN.—Forty-five thousand allied prisoners have been taken by the Germans.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE.—American engineers are again in the throes of a fierce conflict in which they have done excellent work in transportation.

LONDON.—Heavy fighting is reported in the region of Noyon ten miles west of Chaubais.

PARIS.—French troops are contesting for heights to the north of the Oise river with important forces. The Oise river on this part of the front runs southwest of Petchauby and passes to the south of Noyon.

## TUESDAY

LONDON.—War office announced tonight that the Germans have been checked west of Roye and Noyon.

In Noyon region British, French and American troops are fighting shoulder to shoulder. Announcement says French reinforcements are rapidly coming up.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE.—American positions on a part of the Toul front were bombarded with mustard gas shells at the rate of six a minute Sunday night. American artillery replied with heavy fire and demolished segments of the German front lines.

LONDON.—Today's report from the Western front leaves no doubt that the British resistance is stiffening and that Haig has materially checked the pace of the Germans. Haig announces that fighting died down east of Roye Albert and that he had established new positions in that region.

BERLIN.—The tanks used by the Germans with such good effect in the San Quentin fighting were of German make.

ROME.—Official dispatches today report increasing activity of the Austro-Germans on the Italian front.

LONDON.—In his message to Haig Lloyd George says that men necessary to replace those lost are either now in France or are already on their way. All guns will be replaced and still further men and guns are ready to enter battle.

LONDON.—The archbishop of Canterbury has issued to the nation a special appeal for prayer for victory during Holy week. His appeal says: "Let this week send us hourly to our knees."

NEW YORK.—New York city and Jersey city shaken by a great munitions explosion on the docks of the Erie railroad at Jersey City shortly after three o'clock last afternoon.

LONDON.—The Germans captured Kove from the British at 3 o'clock this morning.

LONDON.—Reports received this afternoon reveal that the British are recovering a united front in France and awaiting an opportune time for delivering a counter blow. The British are standing well back toward the edge of their former battle lines on the Somme area. The German wedge is being driven hardest in the Noyon region.

## WAR BULLETIN TODAY

PARIS.—War report late last night says that the Germans, attacking with fresh troops, were repulsed three times. Enemy made some advance east of Montdidier. Around Lassingny and Noyon powerful enemy attacks were broken up.

LONDON.—The British are now offering strong resistance to the enemy attacks north and south of the Somme. British have carried out numerous counter attacks regaining ground and driving back the Germans at various points. Haig reports that in these operations the British inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy.

LONDON.—Twenty-nine British vessels were torpedoed during the week ending Wednesday.

PARIS.—Abandonment of Montdidier by the French announced by the war office today. "After bitterest fighting we retired in order to West Montdidier."

LONDON.—Battle resumed this morning on both banks of the Somme. The British have already taken prisoners and machine guns.

LONDON.—Thirty tons of bombs and hundred of thousands of tons of ammunition fired into enemy from aeroplane machine guns. A flying squadron is making a continuous attack on the German troops in Bapaume, Cambrai and Peronne.

WASHINGTON.—The third day of the congressional drive to force speed in the conduct of the war found each house determined to translate bitter arrangement of existing conditions into action. The Senate is ready to adopt measures making 1,000,000 men available for draft. The Senate military affairs committee is resolved to go to the bottom of the reported breakdown in the aircraft program.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE.—There is reason to believe that important events will be recorded within the next few hours which may lead to a betterment of position of the armies which are stemming the Germans' onslaught. The enemy is fighting desperately hard against time. In the first day his reserves were reduced to fifty-two divisions. At the end of the second day forty divisions from reserves had been put in.

FRENCH FRONT.—Germany began the offensive with entire confidence that it would be able to strike a conquering blow. But the indications are that Germany's last trump in the world battle will be overthrown. The Allied military authorities were fully cognizant that the enemy's supreme effort would cause retreat until measures could be taken to check the enemy without such a tremendous loss of men as the Germans were willing to make. Very little has taken place that was not counted on beforehand.

WASHINGTON.—Major General Wood just back from France testifying to the Senate military committee said that the Germans have more men than the Allies. He advocated an American army of five million.

WASHINGTON.—General Pershing cables that two regiments of American railroad engineers attached to the British forces on the front have been attacked by the Germans.

VIENNA.—The long range guns that are bombarding Paris are of Austrian manufacture. The gun itself is not new, but its novelty comes from the new type of shell and explosive gasses used in the gun. It is said that there are only two of these guns in existence.

LONDON.—Haig's forenoon report says, "Enemy's losses continue to be severe. Our battle fronts are being reinforced in all parts of the western theatre. Over 70 hostile divisions are known to have been engaged in battle."

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